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62.CI

# Tom Dodd Nurseries

Growers of

Stock of Quality



Nandina Domestica in its Winter Coloring

Roses - Evergreens - Shrubs Perennials - Landscape Plantings

**SEMMES** 

**ALABAMA** 



YES; this is the bunch, The BIG BOSS-OUR HOME and the "GANG."

We are all interested in sending you stock of quality, as "Dad" has large responsibilities. It would not pay him to send out stock that will not give satisfaction. We depend on him to build up a business he can depend on, as we expect to carry on the good work when we are big enough.

In the Summer, when we are not at school, we all have to help, such as pinching the rose bushes back so that they will make good bushy plants, weeding out the beds of small plants, carrying water to the other men in the field and a thousand and one other things.

We are just one big happy family, even if we are small, we are of course interested in seeing the orders come in during the shipping season.

This family is here to see that the stock is packed right, stock of the best is sent you, as we are interested in the future and in the Dodd Nurseries.

We hope you will like this catalog. We hope you will find in it plants you are going to buy to beautify your home grounds. We will appreciate your order and you may rest assured it will be filled with stock of the DODD QUALITY.

Yours truly,

DODD NURSERIES,

Tom Dodd, Jr.

P. S.—I forgot to tell you to read terms before ordering on page 31.

# Introduction



Selling goods without Service is like selling Pie without Filling. All orders are dug and packed with the utmost care and under the supervision of Tom Dodd, Owner and Manager of the business. Nothing but the best is shipped. Stock that

does not come up to the Dodd specifications goes on the Brush Pile. You may entrust your orders with us and be assured you will be

given a Square Deal.

It may be well to stress the point of Fresh Dug Stock. We dig all orders fresh in the field, pack and ship it the same day. By our doing this, the stock reaches you in the best of condition—in a condition that if properly planted it will grow.

We offer our services to you: to help you solve your landscape prob-We are familiar with material used in Landscape Work on the Gulf Coast, therefore we will be pleased to have you consult us.

Thanking you for the orders entrusted to us in the past, we hope we will have the pleasure of serving you again this season, with "Not How Cheap Stock" but with stock that is reasonably priced, and stock of Quality.

Yours truly,

TOM DODD NURSERIES.



# Coniferous Evergreens

The beauty and dignity of Evergreens have enormously contributed to the popularity of good home planting. We list herewith varied varieties for the different uses in landscape planting. Evergreens stand shearing well, some varieties have to be sheared to keep them in bounds. When you once make a planting of evergreens, it will last for years with but a little care.

We have varieties suitable for individual and group plantings, for foundation planting, for ter-

races, in the sun or shade.

It will be a pleasure to have you consult us about your planting problems. To enable you to pick out the different types we are designating them by numbers.

Type 1—Tall grower, narrow or columnar form. Fine for planting as individual specimens, or between the windows in a foundation planting.

Type 2—Broad and conical, may be used as a background in foundation planting, the smaller sizes can be used anywhere in a group planting.

Type 3—Globular form, suitable where low growing evergreens are needed.

Type 4—Spreading form, may be used anywhere in foundation plantings.

**Type 5**—Squatty type, spreading form, fine for rock gardens, terraces, or front space in foundation plantings.

T. G.—Tall growing Evergreens, for specimen planting only.

P. R. means puddled roots. The roots are covered with a thick coating of mud to help conserve moisture in transit. When roots are puddled they can be sent by mail.

B. & B. means the evergreens are dug with a ball of earth, wrapped in burlap. It is necessary to do this on the larger sizes.

# Cypressus (Cypress)

# Chamaecyparis (Retinospora)

#### JAPANESE CYPRESS

R. Plumosa (Plume Cypress) 2. Soft feathery foliage, dark green, makes an excellent plant when closely sheared.

R. Plumosa Aurea (Golden Plume Cypress) 2. Same as the variety above, excepting this variety has a

yellow foliage.

R. Squarrosa Veitchi (Silver Cypress) 2. Very fine soft texture foliage of light silvery blue-green. Beautiful and desirable, stands shearing well, and helps to keep it from becoming straggly.

R. Plumosa Aurea Variegata (Variegated Cypress) 2. A variation from the Plumso Aurea,

being a golden yellow with a green tinge.

Prices on all Retinosporas: Ea	ch	For 3
10 to 12 in. P. R., postage paid\$.	.60	\$ 1.75
12 to 15 in. P. R., postage paid		2.10
18 to 24 in. B. & B., express collect 1.		5.00
24 to 30 in. B. & B., express collect 2.		7.00
3 to 4 ft. B. & B., express collect 3.	.50	10.00

# Cedars

Cedrus Deodara (Indian Cedar) T. G. The most stately and best of all cedars for Southern planting. Silvery green foliage.

Each	For 3
8 to 10 in. P. R., postage paid\$ .55	\$ 1.60
10 to 15 in. P. R., postage paid	2.10
18 to 24 in. B. & B., express collect 2.00	5.50
24 to 30 in. B. & B., express collect 2.50	7.00
30 to 36 in. B. & B., express collect 3.00	8.00
3 to 4 ft. B. & B., express collect 4.00	11.00
5 to 7 ft. B. & B., express collect 8.00	22.00

# Juniperus (Junipers)

J. Ashfordi (Ashford's Juniper) 1. Resembles the well-known Irish Juniper, but grows a little broader. A long lived variety.

Each For 3 12 to 18 in. P. R., postage paid.........\$ .75 \$2.10 18 to 24 in. B. & B., express collect... 1.50 4.00

J. Argentea (Variegated Chinese Juniper) 1. A beautiful Juniper, upright in growth, light green in color with tufts of light yellowish white foliage intersperses among the green.

10 to 12 in. P. R., postage paid...........\$1.00 \$2.75 12 to 15 in. B. & B., express collect.... 2.50 7.00

J. Communis Depressa (Prostrate Juniper) 4. Very variable in form and type, foliage light green in summer and purplish in winter. A valuable variety of evergreen on account of its low growing habit.

Each For 3

10 to 15 in. spread P. R., postage paid..\$ .60 \$1.75 10 to 15 in. spread B.& B. express coll. 1.50 3.20



The way we dig, ball and burlap our Evergreens.



A Planting of Prostrate Junipers.

J. Communis Depressa Aurea (Golden Prostrate Juniper) 4. The same as the preceding variety in habit, but having a yellow foliage instead of the green.

Prices same as the above variety.

J. Excelsa Stricta (Spiny Greek Juniper) 2. Dense, compact grower. Foliage is made up of very small, sharp, needle-like leaves of bluish steelgray green hue.

J. Communis (English Juniper) 1. A valuable type, fairly fast grower, similar to the Irish Juniper but slightly broader in habit of growth, steel bluish green foliage.

Each For 3

10 to 15 in. P. R., postage paid........\$ .50 \$1.40

15 to 18 in. P. R., postage paid............ .75 2.10

18 to 24 in. B. & B., express collect....... 1.50 4.00

2 to 3 ft. B. & B., express collect....... 2.50 7.00

3 to 4 ft. B. & B., express collect....... 3.00 8.00

J. Chinensis Pfitzeriana (Pfitzer's Juniper) 4. One of the best and well known Junipers, used extensively in landscape plantings, seems to be absolutely hardy, dark green foliage that holds throughout the entire year.

Each For 3
8 to 10 in. spread P. R., postage paid...\$50
10 to 15 in. spread P. R., postage paid... .75
12 to 15 in. spread B.&B., express coll. 2.00
15 to 18 in. spread B.&B., express coll. 2.50
18 to 24 in. spread B.&B., express coll. 3.50

J. Japonica (Japanese Juniper) 4. An excellent Juniper, but not very well known to the general public, solid green foliage, oblique, spreading habit. A variety we highly recommend.

Each For 3

8 to 10 in. spread P.R., postage paid..\$ .55 \$1.40 15 to 18 in. spread B.&B., express coll. 2.00 5.50

18 to 24 in. spread B.&B., express coll. 3.00 8.50



Blue Virginia Cedar.

J. Japonica Sylvestris (Japanese Juniper Pyramidal Type) 1. Bright green foliage, adapted to a great range of climate, temperature and soil conditions, perfectly hardy.

Each	For 3
6 to 8 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .50	\$1.40
12 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	2.10
12 to 15 in. B.&B., express collect 2.00	5.50
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect 2.50	7.00

J. Sabina (Sabin Juniper) 4. A variety you will generally find where an evergreen planting has been executed, an excellent variety, foliage dark green.

Each For 3 6 to 8 in. spread P.R., postage paid....\$ .55 12 to 18 in. spread B.&B., express coll. 1.75 5.00 18 to 24 in. spread B.&B., express coll. 2.00 5.50

J. Virginia (Virginia Red Cedar) 1. A native of many parts of the United States. Naturally rather formal in habit, stands shearing well and is particularly desirable for formal purposes.

Each	For 3
12 to 18 in. sheared plants P.R., postage paid\$ .55	¢ 1 50
18 to 24 in. sheared plants B.&B.,	\$ 1.50
express collect 1.00	2.75
2 to 3 ft. sheared plants B.&B., ex-	5.50
press collect	5.50
press collect	16.50

J. Virginiana Glauca (Virginia Blue Cedar) 1. A form of the Virginia Red Cedar, but the foliage being a silvery blue in color. Valuable for color accent.

	Each	For 3
10 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	\$1.50	\$ 4.00
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect	3.50	10.00
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect		12.50
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect	5.00	14.00

# Thuja (Arborvitaes)

Arborvitaes like the Junipers have always had a prominent place in the beautification of the American home. No home is complete without being planted and it seems no home is properly planted unless some Arborvitaes are used in the plantings.

The variety is designated by a number after the name under the key that appears on page 2. This will help you materially in selecting the proper variety for the proper place. Should you wish, we will be pleased to have you write us about your planting troubles. We will be pleased to furnish you with the necessary information.

# Chinese Types (Thuja Biota)

B. Bakeri (Bakers Arborvitae) 1. One of the newer varieties in this class of evergreens. A beautiful pyramidal grower, yellowish green foliage, vigorous grower with intense coloring.

Each	For 3
10 to 15 in, P.R., postage paid	\$ 1.50
15 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid	2.10
18 to 24 in, B.&B., express collect 1.75	5.00
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect 2.50	7.00
3 to 4 ft. B.&B., express collect 3.50	10.50



Berkman's Golden Arborvitae.

Each For 3

Each For 3



Beverly Golden Arborvitae,

B. Aurea Nana (Berkman's Golden Arborvitae) 3. A beautiful slow-growing evergreen, a golden yellow color, compact and bushy, always beautiful from the smallest of plants until maturity. An evergreen we highly recommend and use a great deal in our landscape plantings.

	Each	For 3
10 to 12 in. P.R., postage paid	\$ .65	\$ 1.80
12 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	1.00	2.75
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect	1.75	4.00
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect	2.50	7.00
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect	4.00	11.00

**B.** Bonita (Bonita Arborvitae) 3. An evergreen for the finest plantings, a slow grower, every spray, being in exact position as if placed and fastened, rich in color. A very desirable variety and especially where space is limited.

Each	LOL 2
6 to 12 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .55	\$1.50
12 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid 1.00	2.50
12 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect 2.00	5.50
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 3.00	8.00

B. Orientalis Beverleyensis (Beverly Golden Arborvitae) 1. An excellent variety for use in formal plantings, it makes an excellent showing when planted as individual specimens. Color, a bright green, overcast with golden yellow.

E	acıı	ror 3
8 to 10 in. P.R., postage paid\$	.60	\$ 1.65
10 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	.80	2.00
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect	2.00	5.50
24 to 30 in. B.&B., express collect	4.00	11.00

B. Meldensis 3. A very compact grower, round in form, foliage soft bluish green. A very desirable variety for the South as it holds its color throughout the entire year.

Each F	or 3
6 to 10 in. P.R., postage paid \$.60	\$1.65
15 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid 1.00	2.75
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 2.00	5.50
24 to 30 in. B.&B., express collect 2.50	7.00

B. Orientalis Compacta (Compact Arborvitae) 3. A type of Chinese variety selected for its compactness in growth, not found in any other Chinese variety. Light green in color, dense foliage and attractive form.

Each	For 3
12 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid	\$2.10
12 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.00
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 2.00	5.50
24 to 30 in. B.&B., express collect 2.50	7.00

B. Rosedale (Rosedale Arborvitae) 2. This variety is different from any other variety of Arborvitae. Its bluish gray feathery-like foliage make it an outstanding variety. On account of its symmetrical growth, it may be used for specimen planting, or the smaller plants in urns or tubs.

Lacii	1 01 0
6 to 10 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .40	\$1.00
10 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	1.70
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 1.25	3.50
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect 1.75	4.00

B. Orientalis (Chinese Arborvitae) 1. The common variety of Chinese Arborvitae, pale golden green in color, thrifty grower and make fine evergreens for screens and mass planting, may be used in the back of a foundation planting, but not recommended for this use.

		_ 0. 0
12 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid	.65-	\$1.70
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect	1.00	5.50
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect		4.00
3 to 4 ft. B.&B., express collect	2.00	5.00

B. Texana Glauca (Texas Blue Arborvitae) 1. A beautiful new variety, soft blue foliage, upright, pyramidal form very distinct from any other Arborvitae.

254011	- 0. 0
10 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .55	\$1.50
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	3.00
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect 2.00	5.50

#### AMERICAN VARIETIES

T. Occidentalis (American Arborvitae) 1. The well known Arborvitae, used a great deal as a hedge and windbreaks, stands shearing well, perfectly hardy. It may be used for individual specimen plantings. This is the variety commonly known as "White Cedar."

Each	For 3
10 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	\$1.40
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect 1.00	5.50
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.00

# Podocarpus (Japan Yew) 1.

P. Chinensis. A beautiful evergreen, upright in growth, light green leaves when the plants are young turning to a dark green as the plant matures. It is excellent for specimen planting, or it may be used as a hedge or for screens. Hardy.

	Lach	ror 3
8 to	10 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .50	\$ 1.40
12 to	18 in. B.&B., express collect 1.00	2.75
18 to	24 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.00
2 to	3 ft. B.&B., express collect 2.50	7.00

# Dodd Broad-Leaved Evergreens

Broad-Leaved Evergreens are the South's greatest floral treasure. Many varieties lend beauty with bloom and wonderful evergreen foliage.

Adapted to the many varieties of soil found throughout the South, these varieties of plants will thrive and do well. They are excellent for mass planting, for foundation planting, for screens, for use with evergreens. Varieties have to be chosen as to their adaptation. They add color and striking appearance to the landscape.

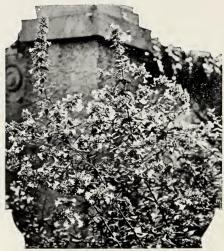
This class of plants require but little or no pruning whatever. It is necessary to do a little clipping to keep them in shape where a variety is apt to send out long shoots, otherwise they should be left entirely alone.

We list in this section of the catalog the varieties that have been tested out as to their qualities and highly recommend them to our customers.

Should you wish any information as to what to plant, do not hesitate to write.

P.R. means roots are puddled in mud.

B.&B. means that the plants are dug with a ball of earth, wrapped in burlap.



Abelia Grandiflora.

# Abelia

Abelia Grandiflora (Abelia Rupestris). The South's beautiful shrub, as well known as the Crepe Myrtles in practically all plantings Abelia is used. From May until frost the graceful arching branches are covered with clusters of tubular-shaped white flowers, tinged with pink, perfectly hardy in the South, very useful for planting singly or in groups. By pinching the long shoots thruout the summer this plant will grow very dense and compact.

Each	For 3
12 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .55	\$1.50
15 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid70	2.00
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 1.00	2.70
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect 1.25	3.25
3 to 4 ft. B.&B., express collect 1.50	3.75

#### Aucuba

Aucuba Japonica Aurea Maculata (Gold Dust Acuba). Large dark leaves spotted and flaked with yellow, prefers moist and shady situations, may be grown successfully in the sun when planted with other shrubs, so that the plants may have partial shade.

Acuba Japonica Nana. A dwarf form, with small leaves, green in color, produces a profusion of berries which are attractive for their bright colorings.

Prices of both varieties of Aucubas Each For 3 12 to 15 in. B.&B., express collect.......\$1.00 \$2.70 15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect....... 1.50 3.75

#### Azalea

Azalea Hinodigiri (Dwarf Japanese Azalea). A dwarf compact growing type with bright carmine flowers produced in profusion in early spring. The blooms almost entirely hides the foliage presenting a blaze of color lasting about five weeks, very hardy.

Each For 3 8 to 10 in. B.&B., express collect.......\$1.50 10 to 15 in. B.&B., express collect....... 2.00 5.50

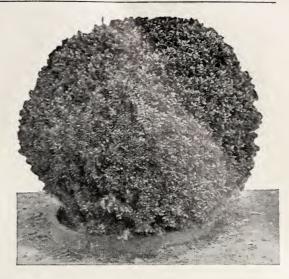
**Azalea Amoena.** Somewhat stronger grower than the preceding variety, has the same compact bushy habit, flowers a bright rosy-purple. The foliage in autumn becoming a beautiful bronze, making it attractive.

Each For 3 8 to 12 in. B.&B., express collect......\$1.00 \$2.70 12 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect...... 2.00 5.40

Azalea Indica (Indian Azalea). We offer many shades of this type—Crimson, Scarlet, Salmon, White and the Famous Mobile which is Watermelon Red. This type of Azaleas gives a wealth of color and are perfectly hardy.







Boxwood may be planted in Tubs, or for Hedging.

# Boxwood (Buxus)

Common Boxwood (Buxus Sempervirens). It is so deservedly popular it needs but little description, being largely used for tubs, urns and edging, for formal and informal plantings. All of the various forms being compact growers they stand shearing well.

Each	For 3
6 to 8 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .50	\$1.35
8 to 10 in. P.R., postage paid	2.20
10 to 12 in. B.&B., express collect 1.25	3.30
12 to 15 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.20

True Dwarf Box (Buxus Sempervirens Suffruticosa) The slow growing dwarf variety, used extensively for edging. Each For 2

4 to 6 in. P.R., postage paid	60
6 to 8 in PR nostage naid 50 1	
o to o in rite, postage paraminimi teo	35
8 to 10 in. B.&B., express collect 1.00 2	50

# Barberry (Berberis)

Berberis Japonica (Japanese Barberry). Broad holly-like leaves of thick texture, with thorny, roughly serrated edges, producing yellow bell-shaped flowers, followed by clusters of purple berries similar to small grapes.



Barberry Sargenti (Sargeant's Barberry). Somewhat similar to the Barberry Thunbergi, but having smaller leaves, grows compact. The flowers in early summer, followed by red berries in winter. This is a new introduction. Prices on both varieties of Barberry:

						Each	For 3
12	to 18	in.	P.R.,	postage	paid	\$1.00	\$2.35
18	to 24	in.	B.&B.,	${\tt express}$	collect	2.50	6.75

# Camellia

Camellia Japonica (Japanese Camellia). The wellknown shrub of the South. Thick glossy green leaves, with flowers of various shades produced on short thick stems.

We can furnish them in the following colors. Please state color wanted. Double White, Double Red, Double Pink, Double Variegated, Single Red, Single Variegated.

Camellia Sasanqua (Mine-no-yuki) We can supply this variety in Whites only.

Frices of Camernas:	For 3
	r 01 J
10 to 15 in. defoliated P.R., postage	22.50
paid\$1.00	\$2.70
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.00
18 to 24 in, B.&B., express collect 3.50	9.45

# Thea Sinensis (Tea Plant)

Thea Sinensis. Broad-leaved evergreen. Beautiful dark green foliage. Blooms early in the season. Good for mass plantings.

Lacii	ror 3
10 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	\$1.35
15 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid	2.20
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 1.25	3.30
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.20



Euonymus Japonica.

#### Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster Panosa. A large shrub but one of the best. Foliage a soft gray green; flowers white followed by masses of deep red berries, which last all through winter.

Cotoneaster Franchet. Of upright growth with arching branches. Flowers small and pink in color. Berries orange yellow tinged with red.

-,	Each	For 3
12 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	\$ .50	\$1.35
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect		3.30
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect		5.40

# Eleagnus (Russian Olive)

Eleagnus Reflexa (Climbing Eleagnus). Forms a semi-climbing vine. Fragrant yellow flowers. A beautiful plant for terraces and rock gardens.

Eleagnus Variegata (Variegated Eleagnus). Similar to the preceding variety, only this variety has variegated leaves.

# Euonymus

Euonymus Japonica (Box-leaved Euonymus). A beautiful Southern shrub, medium sized dark green leaves, used a great deal for hedges.

Euonymus Radicans (Winter Creeper). The trailing variety, fine branched leaves about one inch long, excellent for ground covers.

Euonymus Carrei (Glossy Winter Creeper). A beautiful type of Creeper, considered one of the best for planting on walls and for covering unsightly objects.

Prices on all Euonymus listed: Each For 3

# Gardenia (Cape Jasmine)

Cape Jasmine. The old Southern shrub, with glossy leaves and masses of waxy-white flowers, very fragrant. Attains excellent height for foundation plantings, massing and for lawn specimens. Excellent for cut flowers.

certent for cut nowers.	
Each	For 3
10 to 12 in. P.R. defoliated, postage	
paid\$ .50	\$1.35
12 to 15 in. P.R. defoliated, postage	
paid	2.20
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect 1.00	2.70
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.20
Dwarf Cape Jasmine. Similar to the abov	e, only
this variety is not such a tall grower.	, ,
Each	For 3
8 to 10 in. P.R., defoliated, postage	
paid\$ .50	\$1.35
10 to 12 in. P.R. defoliated, postage	
paid	2.20
12 to 15 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.20
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect 2.00	5.40

### Ilex

Ilex Vomitoria (Yaupon). Medium to tall shrub with dark green oblong leaves with serrated edges, small flowers of yellowish white borne in clusters in early spring. Bright scarlet fruits are borne in profusion on the wood of previous season.

Each	For 3
10 to 12 in. P.R., postage paid	\$1.35
12 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid	2.20
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 1.25	2.30
24 to 30 in. B.&B., express collect 2.00	5.40

Ilex Opaca (American Holly). The well known holly, in some parts of the South it can be found in the woods. Large serrated leaves, dark green and bright red berries. Tree a tall grower and should be planted singly where it will have room to develop

	Each	For 3
12 to 18 in. B.&B., expre	ess collect\$1.00	\$2.70
18 to 24 in. B.&B., expre	ess collect 2.00	5.40



Ligustrum Lucidum. (See page 9.)



Ligustrum Nepalense.

#### **Jasmine**

Ligustrum (Privet)

4.20

2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect...... 1.50

(Lucidum Pyramidalis) of the above type at the same prices.

Ligustrum Japonica Aurea (Golden Japanese Privet)

Ligustrum Japonicum Macrophyllum (Large Leaved Privet). The tall growing variety, large green leaves. This variety is excellent for screens and mass planting. Does well in very sunny locations, leaves have a tendency to change from dark green to bronze in winter.

Each For 3

Ligustrum Japonicum (Japanese Privet). A vigorous growing type, foliage dark shiny green. Panicles of white fragrant flowers borne in spring followed with purplish black berries. Used a great deal for mass plantings and screens.

 Ligustrum Nepalense (Nepal Privet). Medium sized, dark green, glossy leaves, uniform, compact, spreading growth. Very attractive plant, essential in landscape work.

Ligustrum Amurense (Amur River Privet). Used extensively in the South for hedges, dark green leaves, but rather small leaf in comparison with the Wax-leaved varieties. Stands shearing, and can be sheared to practically any shape.

Each	For 3
12 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .40	\$1.00
18 to 24 in. P.R., postage paid	1.30
2 to 3 ft. B.&B., express collect 1.00	2.50

# Laurocerasus (Cherry Laurel)

Cherry Laurel. A large shrub with dark green foliage, useful as specimens or for screens. Blossoms yellowish white borne in panicles in spring.

#### Nandina

Nandina Domestica (Heavenly Bamboo). A beautiful shrub of medium height, delicate compound foliage, white flowers followed by immense trusses of scarlet berries, which are carried all winter.

Each	For 3
12 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid\$ .60	\$1.50
12 to 15 in. B.&B., express collect 1.50	4.20
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect 2.00	5.40
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect 2.50	7.00



Photinia Serrulata. (See page 10.)

# Olea Fragrans (Tea Olive)

Olea Fragrans. An evergreen shrub of upright growth, very dark green serrated foliage. Produces clusters of white flowers, very fragrant.

#### **Photinia**

Photinia Serrulata. A small tree or large shrub with large shiny foliage, deep green in color in summer, turning to a crimson bronze in winter. Produces white flowers, followed by red berries.

Each For 3 10 to 12 in. B.&B., only express collect. \$2.00 \$5.40 18 to 24 in. B.&B., only express collect. 2.50 7.00

Photinia Glabra. Resembling the above in habit and bloom, but a little larger grower, with red leaves; very beautiful shrub.

# Pyracantha (Firethorn)

Pyracantha Lalandi. An evergreen shrub of spreading habit, foliage a rich dark glossy green, cluster of white flowers in spring, followed by orange colored berries that remain on the plant all winter.

Pyracantha Yunnanensis. A more vigorous grower than the preceding variety, has larger leaves, but has the same good qualities in blooming as the Lalandi.



Pyracantha.

Pyracantha Formosa. The tall growing Firethorn, excellent for planting for screens, or massing. The blooming qualities and habits the same as the two former varieties.

Note.—Firethorns are hard to transplant and must be taken care of when first planted by the planter to insure success.

Prices on all thorns listed:

	Each	For 3
12 to 15 in. P.R., postage paid	.\$ .75	\$2.20
15 to 18 in. B.&B., express collect	. 1.50	4.20
18 to 24 in. B.&B., express collect	. 2.00	5.40

# Pittosporum

Pittosporum Tobira. An evergreen shrub that can be sheared to almost any shape for use in formal plantings. It is very dense, dark green and waxy. As a rule, this plant grows globular and it can be left to its own resources if you wish, as it needs no shearing unless you wish it for some particular planting.

# Planning Your Planting

Have a definite plan in view. Don't plant shrubs all over the lawn. Avoid extremes. It is not necessary to do all your planting in one season. It can be carried out over a few years. However, have one aim in view and carry it out.



A Planting like this makes this House a Home.

# Deciduous Shrubs

The permanent value and beauty of Deciduous Shrubs was never better understood than at the present time. If judicious selection is made, it is possible to have a succession of bloom from early spring until frost nips the flowers of the latest to bloom.

Shrubs of this type should always be planted in masses or groups; it is best, however, not to mix too many varieties in any one group. They embrace flowering form of every conceivable color, some for their flowers in summer, others their berries in winter, others for their peculiar characteristics.

# Altheas (Hibiscus Syriacus) (Rose of Sharon)

Ardens. Double violet.
Anemonaeflorus. Double red.
Boul de Feu. Double purplish red.
Jeanne de Arc. Double white.
Lady Stanley. Double blush red.
Rubis. Single red.
Totus Albus. Single white.
Souv. Chas. Bretton. Single purple.

BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush). An attractive shrub, sometimes called "Summer Lilac," produces an abundance of rosy purple flowers, blooms from June until late in the season, very fragrant.

Each For 3 18 to 24 in., P.R., postage paid..........\$ .40 \$1.00

CALLICARPA PURPUREA (Beauty Berry). A native American plant. Stems covered with bright violet berries in late autumn.

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS (Sweet Shrub). A beautiful tall growing shrub having chocolate colored flowers, large handsome leaves, when crushed giving an odor somewhat similar to allspice.



Althea, Rose of Sharon.



Flowers of Dogwood.

CASSIA FLORIBUNDA. A free-blooming plant. Large orange-yellow, pea-shaped flowers, produced in great profusion, blooms more or less the entire season, very fragrant.

CHASTE TREE (Vitus Agnus Castus). Leaves of this plant are star shape, flowers lavender blue, borne in long spikes during the summer months.

Each For 3



Deutzia, Fride of Rochester.

CREPE MYRTLE (Lagerstroemia Indica). The real Southern shrub, well known by everybody, planted as extensively in the South, as the lilac in the North. We can supply Red, Pink and White.

Each For 3

CYDONIA JAPONICA (Japan Quince). One of the earliest shrubs to bloom. Their vivid red blossoms always stand out against the new growth of other shrubs, making it very attractive. The flowers are followed by fruit, yellow in color and having a very aromatic scent.

**DESMODIUM** (Tick Clover). A graceful shrublike plant covered with purplish red and white flowers late in summer. State color wanted.



Cydonia Japonica (Japan Quince).

# **Deutzia**

Deutzia Candida. White flowers during May and

Deutzia Pride of Rochester. Small flowers, white inside with a purple tinge outside, blooms May and June.

Deutzia Crenata Rosea. Pink flowers borne in large trusses, one of the earliest sorts to bloom.

Deutzia Gracilis. One of dwarf varieties, white flowers, will do well in partial shade. Prices on all Deutzias listed:

# Diervilla (Weigela)

Weigela Candida. The white variety of Weigela, bell-shaped flowers, usually blooms all summer.

Weigela Variegated Leaf. Light rose pink flowers in May and June. Leaves dark green with white edges.

Weigela Eva Rathke. The best of the Weigelas. Brilliant crimson bell-shaped flowers, very showy.

Weigela Floribunda. Pink flowers, dark green foliage, an excellent bloomer.

Weigela Rosea. Rose colored flowers, one of the best known varieties.

Prices on all Weigelas:

Each For 3 \$1.35

EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA (Pearl Bush.). A beautiful shrub bearing racemes of large starshaped flowers usually covering the entire plant. Very attractive when planted as individual speci-Each For 3

\$1.70

# Forsythia (Golden Bell)

Forsythia Suspensa. The weeping variety, beautiful yellow, bell-shaped flowers borne along the stems, blooms early in spring.

Forsythia Fortunei, Beautiful bell-shaped flowers. blooming in early spring when color is scarce, remaining several weeks.

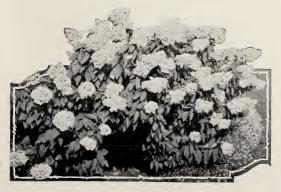
Forsythia Intermedia. One of the best, canary-yellow flowers.

Forsythia Viridissima. A more bushy shrub than the others and having green stems in place of yellowish green, a more robust grower. Prices on all Forsythias:

Each For 3 18 to 24 in. P.R., postage paid.....\$ .40 \$1.00

# Hydrangeas

Paniculata Grandiflora (Pee Gee Hydrangea Hydrangea). The exceedingly well known variety. Its large conical heads of white flowers become pink and red with age. Should have plenty of water during flowering season and cut back severely every year in order to produce large flowers.



Hydrangea Pee Gee.



Weigela Rosea,

Hydrangea Arborescens Grandiflora (Snowball Hydrangea). Its large clusters of pure white flowers, average 4 and 5 inches in diameter, appear from the middle of May to September. This sort does well in partial shade.

Prices on the above varieties of Hydrangeas:

Each For 3

18 to 24 in. P.R., postage paid.....\$ .60

Hydrangea Quercifolia (Oakleaved Hydrangea). Large trusses of single white flowers, has the habits and good qualities as the Arborescens. This variety is a native in some parts of the South. The leaves resembling an oak leaf, but somewhat larger.

Each For 3

18 to 24 in. P.R., postage paid.....\$1.00 \$2.50

FOR MASS PLANTINGS USE SPIREAS, FORSYTHIA AND SYRINGAS.



Bush Honeysuckle.

# French Hydrangeas

E. G. Hill. Pink or sky-blue, depending on soil conditions.

Otaska. One of the best varieties. Flowers pink or blue.

Each For 3

HYPERICUM MOSERANIUM (Gold Flower). A low growing plant, excellent for edging or for use in foundation plantings in the front position, foliage yellowish green, buttercup yellow flowers. One of our best and beautiful shrubs.

Each For 3

12 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid...........\$ .55 \$1.50

# Honeysuckles (Lonicera)

BUSH TYPES

Lonicera Morrowi (Japanese Honeysuckle). Medium spreading habit, dark green foliage, small white flowers followed by red berries.

Lonicera Tatartica (Tartarian Honeysuckle). Meddium grower with upright branches, pinkish flowers in early spring followed with small red berries.

Lonicera Fragrantissima (Fragrant Honeysuckle). The strong growing honeysuckle, handsome glaucous foliage which remains on the plant practically all winter, creamy white flowers and very fragrant.

Prices on all varieties of Honeysuckle listed above:

above

Each For 3 18 to 24 in. P.R., postage paid...... \$ .55 \$1.50

# Philadelphus (Syringa or Mockorange)

Syringa Coronaris. A strong growing shrub, good foliage, clear white flowers, very fragrant, blooms in April. One of the tall growing varieties used for screens and mass plantings.

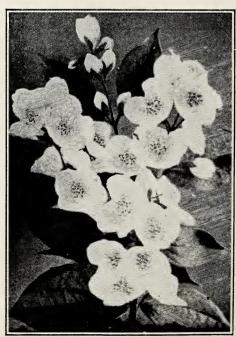
Syringa Virginalis. The new double flowering type, semi-dwarf habit, beautiful foliage and semi-double flowers of white.

Prices on Syringas:

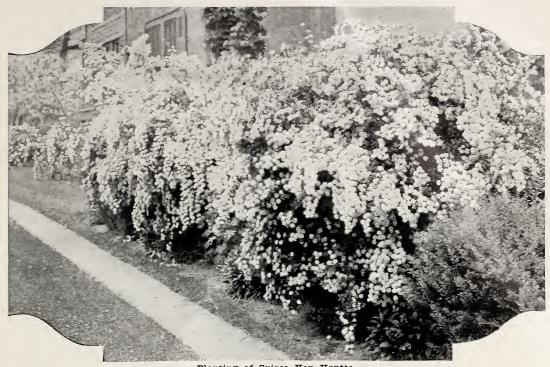
Each For 3

18 to 24 in. P.R., postage paid...........\$ .45 \$1.20

WE OFFER A
SPECIAL DISCOUNT
TO CHURCHES
ON THEIR
PLANTING
REQUIREMENTS
WRITE US ABOUT IT



Philadelphus (Mockorange).



Planting of Spirea Van Houtte.

# Spirea

Everybody is familiar with most of the Spireas, the many used make them indispensable in all plantings. We list here the old as well as the newer varieties, each one we highly recommend.

Spirea Billardi. Dense, plume-like panicles of rosy pink flowers that are excellent for cutting, produced from early spring until late fall.

Spirea Bethlemensis. One of the newer varieties having spikes of rosy pink flowers (see illustration) excellent for cutting. An excellent variety for use in foundation planting.

Spirea Callosa Alba. A low dense grower, bright green foliage, white flowers in clusters. Fine for planting in front when used in foundation plantings.

Spirea Douglassi. Has spikes of beautiful, deep rose-colored flowers commencing in May and June, long narrow leaves green on top and whitish underneath.

Spirea Froebeli. Large loose panicles of pink flowers in May, an upright dwarfish grower.

Spirea Thunbergi. One of the first to bloom; branches slender and drooping: small bright green leaves giving a feathery appearance; pure white flowers.

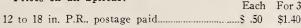
Spirea Anthony Waterer. The well known variety, used a great deal for edging and massing, in constant bloom from early summer until late fall. Beautiful heads of red flowers.

Spirea Van Houtte. The most popular variety of Spirea. Forms a graceful pendulous bush, surpasses all other varieties, with its superb beauty and gracefulness. Pure white flowers, fine for hedges or for specimen planting.

Spirea Prunifolia. Shining dark green foliage, turning orange in fall. Small double white flowers borne close to the branches, making long, snow-white garlands.

Prices on all Spireas:

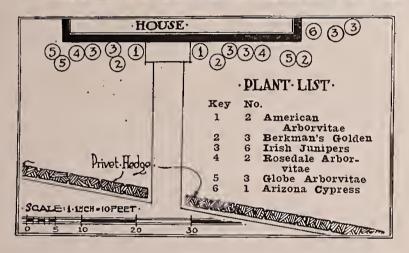
Each For 3





The New Spirea-Bethlemensis.





# Telps on Planning Your Home Grounds

We are interested in helping you with your problems in properly landscaping your home grounds. Whether the home is large or small, we want you to take advantage of and use our Landscape Department.

Our experience in Landscape work covers quite a period of years; we are familiar with plant material best suited to the different plantings. We are in a position to suggest, draw plans and take full charge of the planting should you wish us to do so.

During the shipping season we are constantly being called upon to furnish plans and specifications for the beautification of homes. We are equipped to render this valuable service to our customers. It is necessary, however, that accurate dimensions be given, the location of barns and other buildings, walks, whether the front of the houses face North, South, East or West.

By giving us the necessary accurate information, we will be in a position to plan intelligently.

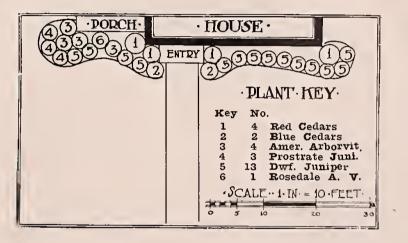
#### IMPORTANT

Always advise how much money you wish to expend, whether you wish a shrub or evergreen planting, as the amount you wish to expend will depend on just what you wish in a planting. Evergreens of course are higher in price than shrubs and you should make your plans accordingly.

#### PLAN EARLY

Don't Wait until vou are going to plant. During the shipping season, we work to our full capacity to get the goods to the customers in time to plant them. We ask you to send in your plan early that we may be in a position to give them the consideration and thought necessary in making a good plan.





# FRONT FOUNDATION PLANTING · PLAN ·

# Spirea Vanhoutte Japanese Barberry Calycanthus Coralberry 1 Bush Honeysuckle 2 Mock Orange

# Plant for Mass Effects

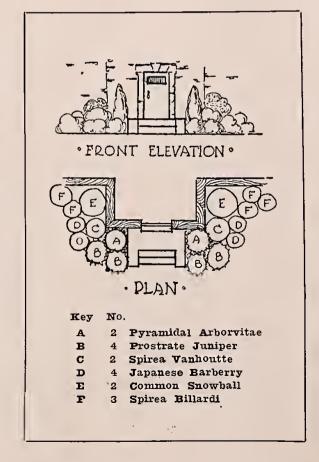
There are certain basic principles of landscaping with which all should be familiar. The first of these is to "tie" the house to the ground, with a planting of shrubs around the foundation which will break the sharp angle formed at the junction of the house and the ground. For this purpose the low-growing shrubs are most commonly used, unless the house rests on a high foundation, in which case the higher-growing shrubs should be planted. As a general rule, the prevailing height of the shrubs around the house should be no higher than the windows. In corners where there are no windows plant some of the higher shrubs, massing the lower ones in front.

Mass the shrubbery around the lawn to give the lawn a distinct outline. Use the larger shrubs for the background, working down to the smaller ones directly in front. Do not make a stiff, formal line, but make it wavy or irregular by putting little clumps of shrubbery here and there along the border. A small yard thus planted looks larger than it really is.

Evergreens add a touch to the planting design which can be given by no other class of ornamental plans. They embrace such a wide range of character and color that varieties suitable for almost any location can easily be chosen. The selection needs to be made judiciously, however, in order to preserve the harmony of the design.

There is such a variety of shrubs with different colorings and varying blossoming periods that by intelligent selection one can have a succession of bloom the entire season.

In planning the arrangement of your grounds, do not forget that the vegetable garden is an essential portion sof the grounds and by a little forethought may be made beautiful as well as useful. The location of fruit trees and bushes, and the strawberry bed, should be decided, and so placed in relation to the vegetable garden as to avoid unnecessary labor. The passer-by sees the front yard, but the owner spends perhaps more of his time in the garden than in any other part of his grounds, and there is no reason why he should not have this as beautiful and orderly as is that part which the public sees.



# Vines

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHI (Boston Ivy). The well known and much used vine for covering walls, brick work and where a climbing plant is used, foliage dark green, turning to scarlet in the fall of the year.

Each For 10
2-year plants P.R., postage paid.......\$ 50 \$4.50

LONICERA SEMPERVIRENS (Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle). A beautiful and favorite variety, with long scarlet flowers in pairs, united at the base, fine for covering stumps and for screens.

Each For 10

2-year plants P.R., postage paid.....\$ .50 \$4.50

WISTERIA CHINENSIS (Chinese Wisteria). A strong grower, it climbs and twines tightly, has pale green foliage, blooms profusely early in summer, flowers in long, pendulous clusters. We offer the white and purple:

Each For 10

P.R. postage paid......\$ .50 \$4.50

We are offering the Pink Wisteria, good strong, well grown developed plants at \$1.50 each. P.R., postage paid.

Vines are excellent for Screens and Porches, and for Covering Unsightly Objects



Wisteria.



The Beautiful Regal Lily.

# Bulbs

MEXICAN TUBEROSE (Everblooming). Wonderfully fragrant, pure white flowers borne on long stems. Each flower spike is filled with buds that continue to open clear to the terminals even after cutting.

10c each, 6 for 50c, 12 for 70c, postpaid.

### Cannas

Apricot. Flowers a buff-yellow base overspread with salmon pink. Stands the hot sun. Grows 4 feet.

**King Humbert.** Orange scarlet flowers, surmounting beautiful deep bronze foliage. Grows 5 feet.

**The President.** The greatest red Canna, of immense size, free bloomer. Grows 5 feet.

City of Portland. A glowing shade of pink, flowers high above the foliage. Grows 3½ feet.

Yellow King Humbert. Flowers yellow dotted orange-scarlet. Grows 4½ feet.

Mrs. Alfred Conrad. Flowers salmon-pink borne in immense heads well above the foliage. Grows 4½ feet.

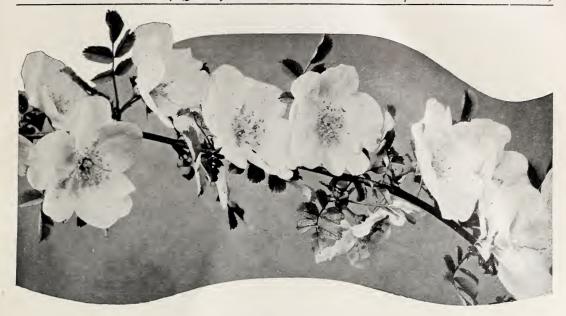
King Midas. Very large, beautiful formed, firm flowers of glittering gamboge-yellow. A true Canna aristocrat. Grows 5 feet.

The Ambassador. Brilliant, large, cherry-red flowers, borne freely on strong stems well above the bronze foliage. Grows 4 feet.

Prices on Cannas: 6 for 70c, 12 for \$1.40, postpaid.

REGAL LILY. The beautiful Lily, destined to take place of the old favorite Easter Lily. Absolutely hardy, the flowers are white suffused with pink on the outside, the inside of the flower is a beautiful shade of yellow gradually fading as it nears the top of the flower, very fragrant. Blooms out of doors June and July.

Large flowering sized bulbs, 55c each postpaid.



# Roses

The Rose is probably the most popular flower of today. We have continually kept abreast of the times and are growing some of the newer introductions, varieties that have been tested and tried by Rose Authorities. You need not be fearful to order any of the list offered in this catalog as they are sure to give you entire satisfaction.

To have beautiful flowers, it takes but a little labor and care of the plants, and to have them you must do a little work in the garden at different times. Do not neglect to cut the flowers, if you leave the flowers on the bushes until fully blown, cut of the seed pods that are left, this will force new shoots and of course you will have more flowers.

#### PLANTING

All of the roses we ship are pruned ready for you to plant in your garden. In planting roses, study the illustration below, as this picture clearly illustrates how to plant a rose bush and have it live and produce beautiful flowers.

Set the plants H.T.'s and T.'s 15 inches apart, H.P.'s 24 inches apart. Dig the bed deep, and fill with plenty of well-rotted manure. Bury the collar or bud (B, see cut) about 3 inches below the surface of the soil (A). Spread the roots and work the soil amongst them, finally treading firmly. In the dry, hot season, keep the bed well watered and cultivated.



The most common pests are aphis or lice, green and black flies. The good general remedy is "Black Leaf 40". Directions will be found on the bottle. This

remedy may be purchased from your nearest seed store.

#### DISEASES

For mildew, dust the leaves with powdered sulphur. For Black spot, Hammond's Copper Solution is recommended, beginning early in June and spraying every week during July and August.

There is on the market a great many insecticides for use in place of the ones mentioned above and would suggest you take the matter of bugs and

diseases up with your local Seed Store.
All Roses listed are field grown. They have bloomed in the field before being dug-they are properly trimmed. Dug fresh for every order as it is received. We do not handle green house stock.

Prices on all Roses listed: 60c each; 3 for \$1.65; 6 for \$3.20; 12 for \$6.00, all charges paid.

To guide our customers in selecting Roses, we are classing them in their respective classes:

H.P. Hybrid Perpetual (not monthly bloomers).

T. Hybrid Tea (monthly bloomer). H.T. Hybrid Tea (monthly bloomer).

R. Rugosa (Shrub Rose).

H.W. Hybrid Wichuriana. N. Noisette.

DON'T FORGET: WE SUPPLY NOTHING BUT THE BEST— "THE BEST IS CHEAPEST IN THE LONG RUN."



The Beautiful Francis Scott Key Rose.

#### Red Roses

Etoile de France (H.T.). One of our best red roses, a free bloomer, globular buds that enfold regularly until the bloom, unusually large is full to the center with crimson maroon petals. The stems are long and firm, a necessity in a race that is good for cutting.

Francis Scott Key (H.T.). An immense flower of bright crimson, changing to bluish crimson as the flower ages. The petals given an appearance of great ball of scarlet crimson. A fine rose for dry

climates.

Gruss An Teplitz (H.T.). The wonderful red rose, flowers velvety crimson, of loose form, fair size, very fragrant. Blooms in clusters and never without flowers during the summer months.



Gruss An Teplitz.

General McArthur (H.T.). Bright crimson, noted for its fragrance. This rose should be disbudded during the summer months to get the better blooms when the weather commences to get cool in the fall.

Mrs. B. R. Cant (H.T.). A beautiful freeblooming rose, the beautiful buds opening to beautiful double flowers. This variety is at its best during the late summer and early fall. A vigorous grower

and disease resistant.

Red Letter Day (H.T.). Fiery scarlet, velvety and brilliant blooms, semi-single rose when fully opened, but beautiful in bud.

Crusader (H.T.). Large double blooms, rich velvety crimson, robust, free grower. Truly a beautiful

rose.

Red Radiance (H.T.). Considered one of the best roses grown. The flowers are large, globular and last a long time on the plant. The plant is a robust grower and practically disease resistant. We highly recommend this rose to our customers. This rose stands second among the twelve best roses of its class in America.



F. J. Grootendorst (R.) . A bush rose and should not be planted with the other varieties. This rose is used for massing or planted with deciduous shrubs. Flowers small, bright red, evenly fringed, produced in profusion.

American Beauty (H.P.). An old favorite, well known. Large flowers, each borne on a separate

stem, vivid crimson in color, fragrant.

George Dickson (H.T.). Black, velvety crimson, retaining its color well, large petals of good substance and lasting well.



Paul Neyron Rose.

### Pink Roses

Jonkeer J. L. Mock (H.T.). Clear pink, under side of petals rosy; almost silvery white, blooms of large size on long erect canes, free blooming and very double.

Killarney (H.T.). Long pointed buds, opening to flat, bright sparkling pink blooms with large

petals, free blooming and vigorous grower.

Paul Neyron (H.P.). The peony rose, the canes almost devoid of thorns. The blooms of a beautiful pink resembling the Peony on account of their immense size. While this rose is not an open the property of the pr ever-blooming variety, we highly recommend it to our customers to plant in their rose garden.

Los Angeles (H.T.). Chosen by the American Rose Society as one of the twelve best roses in America. A rose of vigorous growth and produces flowers continually on good stems, color a luminous flame-pink, shaded to gold at the base of petals, fragrant, the beautiful buds opening to a mammoth bloom.



Los Angeles Rose.

Pink Cochet (T.). Carmine pink blooms of good substance, creamy white at the center, spreading growth, free blooming and very hardy for a Tea

Mrs. Chas. Bell (H.T.). A sport of the Radiance, having all the good qualities of the parent. The blooms are globular in form, shell pink in color. We highly recommend this rose on account of its free-blooming qualities that is found in all Radiance sports.

Pink Radiance (H.T.). Similar in habit and growth as the Red Radiance and the Mrs. Charles Bell. Willomere (H.T.). Another beautiful rose on the same order as the Los Angeles, color a shrimp pink, shading yellow to the center and toning to carmine pink towards the edges of the petals.

Long coral buds on good stems.

Frau Karl Druschki.

# White Roses

Frau Karl Druschki (H.P.). Called Snow Queen and White American Beauty. While this rose is not in the monthly blooming class and considered a Hybrid Perpetual it will bloom from June until the flowers are cut down by the frost. Plant is a robust grower, practically free from disease, flowers a pure white, sometimes tinged when in bud with a red tinge on the top of the outside petals. A rose that should be in every garden.

K. A. Viktoria (H.T.). One of the best white roses grown today, but an old variety. Pure white and never a tinge of pink. Splendid large buds and superb full blooms, a continuous bloomer. We consider this the best all round white rose.

Mamam Cochet (T.). Creamy white, with edges flushed rose. Profuse bloomer and good grower.

A good variety.

White Killarney (H.T.). Very long pointed buds of the typical Killarney rose of snowy white, open blooms beautifully formed with a few more petals than the Pink Killarney. An old favorite for cut flowers.



Lady Hillingdon.

#### Yellow Roses

Alexander Hill Gray (H.T.). Pale lemon-yellow deepening in the center of its perfectly formed fragrant flowers; moderate grower.

Etoile de Lyon (T.). Deep golden-yellow. full, deep and rich flowers; a free bloomer and fragrant.

Luxembourg (H.T.). Flowers deep orange and larger than Sunburst. Long pointed buds on fine stems for cutting, strong thrifty grower. This rose is considered by many as one of the best yellow roses grown, one we would like you to plant in your garden.

Sunburst (H.T.). One of the old roses. The color is golden orange and deep yellow, varying at different stages of the blooming period.

Lady Hillingdon (T.). Has a long slender, pointed bud of clear, deep golden yellow. A thrifty grower.

Mrs. Aaron Ward (H.T.). Delightful little buds of golden buff, opening to fully double, attractive shaped flowers of tawny gold and pink.



# **Climbing Roses**

Who does not like climbing roses. Their many uses make them a necessity in the flower garden. Their many colors make it possible to have a rose arbor of indescribable color. They are hardy and give blooms over a long period of time during the summer months.

Please Note.—The monthly bloomers are marked with an "M" these varieties bloom throughout the summer the same as the bush varieties.

Prices: 60c each; 3 for \$1.65; 12 for \$6.00; all charges paid.

Marechal Neil (M.) (N.) This is an old favorite which holds its place with any of the newer varieties, color a lemon yellow.

Gruss an Teplits (M.) (H.T.). Has the same good qualities as the bush variety. You will find it listed under the reds in the bush roses.

K. A. Viktoria (M.) (H.T.). Has the same good qualities as the bush variety listed under the whites.

Meteor (M.) (H.T.). Intense velvet crimson, large buds and blooms, very double and on good strong stems.

Sunburst (M.) (H.T.). The beautiful yellow rose, orange-copper, golden orange are its colors at the different stages of growth. Long stems and long pointed buds make it very desirable for cutting. Wooten (M.) (H.T.). Velvet red, profuse bloomer,

a strong and vigorous climber, blooms well formed.

Lady Ashtown (M.) (H.T.). Bright shiny pink flowers. This rose is considered the best of the climbing H.T. roses. You may depend on this variety to bloom from June until cut down by the frost.

Lady Hillingdon (M.) (H.T.). Bright goldenyellow cupped flowers. A splendid everblooming climber for the South.



Paul's Scarlet Climber.

Columbia (M.) (H.T.). Beautiful pink roses of a medium size, a free bloomer, flowers borne on good long stems, fragrant, very desirable for cutting.

Dr. Van Fleet (H.W.). Another newer variety. Beautiful apple-blossom pink blooms, borne singly on fine stems for cutting. It blooms but once in spring. A rampart grower and it should have plenty of room.

Crimson Baby Rambler. An old stand-by, flowers borne in clusters, a beautiful crimson color.

American Beauty (H.W.). A beautiful red like the well known American Beauty bush rose, with the addition of the climbing habit. A vigorous grower and free bloomer.

Paul's Scarlet Climber (H.W.). A new edition to the red climbing roses. No other rose can compare with the brilliancy of the blooms of this rose. Flowers of medium size, semi-double, vivid scarlet in color. A strong climber and perfectly hardy. You must see this rose to appreciate the coloring.

Pink Dorothy Perkins (H.W.). The beautiful rambler that is well known. Color a beautiful shell-pink, the pink petals beautifully crinkled, flowers borne in immense clusters blooms only in spring.

White Dorothy Perkins (H. W.). Similar to the above, only flowers are white.

Red Dorothy Perkins (H.W.). Sometimes called Excelsa. Has the same good qualities as the two preceding varieties, only flowers are crimson-scarlet.

Silver Moon (H.W.). Clear silver white in color, flowers sometimes measuring four and one-half inches across, the centers of the flowers when open show the beautiful yellow stamens, being a very attractive feature of this rose.

Mary Wallace (H.W.). Flowers large, semi-double, bright clear rose-pink with salmon base. Blooms profusely in spring and again occasionally throughout the season. A pillar rose we highly recommend to our customers.

Gardenia (H.W.). Bright yellow buds opening to creamy white, blooms in early summer. Rampart vigorous growth and splendid foliage.

Bess Lovett (H.W.). Double flowers of clear light crimson, very shapely, blooms in mid-season. One of the newer varieties of climbing roses.

Mary Lovett (H.W.). Large flowering, full white climbing rose, blooming freely in the beginning of the season. May and June.

Alida Lovett (H.W.). Flowers are cup-shaped, very large and semi-double, color salmon pink, similar in habit of the Dr. Van Fleet.

Should you wish to purchase any other Roses not listed in this catalog, we probably have them. Write us your wants along this line.



Rambling Roses Used as a Wall Covering.

# Shade and Ornamental Trees

In the South where the sun gets hot it is essential that provisions be made for ample shade. We are listing a few of the better known varieties of Shade Trees—ones that are used a great deal in the South.

Shade trees, like any other trees, require care when being set out, but when once established, they will take care of themselves for a long time with little or no care.



Magnolia Grandiflora.

# Sycamore

Platanus Orientalis (European Sycamore). Sometimes called "Button-wood." A tall growing tree with leaves somewhat resembling the maple in shape, light green in color on top and silvery white underneath. Very desirable for planting in the South as it stands the heat and dry climate.

1		I	Each
2 to 3 ft. P.R.,	express	collect	.40
3 to 4 ft. P.R.,	express	collect	.60
4 to 5 ft. P.R.,	express	collect	1.00

# Cornus (Dogwood)

Cornus Florida (White Flowering Dogwo	od). Une
of our beautiful trees, the white flowers	appearing
before the leaves in early spring. Very	desirable
for lawn plantings.	Each
2 to 3 ft. P.R., postage paid	\$ .75
3 to 4 ft. B.&B., express collect	1.50

Cornus Florida Rubra (Fink Flowering D	
Similar to the white in habit and growth,	only this
variety has pink flowers.	Each
2 to 3 ft. P.R., postage paid	\$1.50

# Magnolia

Magnolia Grandiflora (Southern Magnolia). The well-known shade tree of the South, with its large deep green leaves that stay on the tree the year round. Of course you are familiar with the beautiful waxy-white blossoms in summer, followed with large cones full of red seed in the fall.

							Each
3 t	O	4	ft.	B.&B.,	express	collect	\$1.50
4 t	0	5	ft.	B.&B.,	express	collect	2.00
						collect	

# Cersis (Redbud)

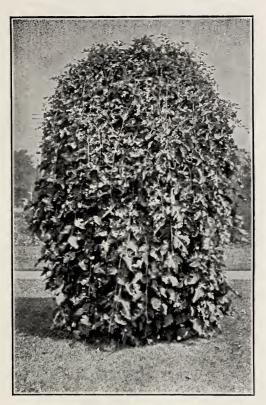
Cercis Canadensis (Judas Tree or Redbud). One of our finest ornamental trees. It is of medium size, round headed, with heart-shaped leathery dark green foliage. A profusion of deep pink flowers covering the tree before the foliage appears.

	Ea	ach
2 to 3 ft. P.R., express collect	\$	.55
3 to 4 ft. P.R., express collect		.80

OUR PLANTS ARE FREE FROM JOHNSON GRASS OR NUT GRASS ROOTS.



Dogwood.



Tea's Weeping Mulberry.

# Poplar

Liriodendron Tulipifere (Tulip Poplar). This large,
symmetrical tree has smooth bark, glossy, light
green fiddle-shaped leaves. The flowers are tulip-
like, greenish-yellow, blotched with orange.
Each
18 to 24 in. P.R., express collect\$ .50
2 to 3 ft. P.R., express collect
3 to 4 ft. P.R, express collect
- t - T - 1

Poplus Bolleana (Bolleans Silver Poplar). A tall growing tree, with bluish green bark, used a great deal in formal plantings and screens. The leaves are green above and silvery green underneath. A very attractive shade tree and very hardy. A 

# Mulberry

Morus Alba Pendula (Tea's Weeping Mulberry). A very ornamental weeping tree. It forms a perfect umbrella-shaped head of light green, deeply lobed foliage. Fruit reddish purple, very hardy.

5 ft. stem with heavy head, express collect....\$2.00

# Tung Tree

Tung Tree (Chinese Wood Oil Nut). Tree a rapid grower and is being planted extensively throughout the South. The oil from the nut being valuable for use in the manufacture of varnish. This tree does well in Alabama. Each 2 to 3 ft. P.R., postage paid.....\$ .40 



Shade Trees are a necessity in the South. Plant them.

# Fruits

While there are many kinds of fruit grown in the South, in small ways and on a commercial scale. No homestead, whether in town or city can do without a few fruit trees of the different varieties. By careful selection of the different fruits, you may enjoy fresh fruit on your table from early summer until late in winter.

While a few of the varieties are listed in this catalog, the varieties are well known. Varieties when planted in the South will give entire satisfaction. We grow the best that can be grown. We supply varieties that will succeed.

Should you be interested in planting in a commercial way, we will be pleased to quote you quantity prices.

All fruit trees are dug with plenty of roots and dug fresh for each order as received, therefore you are assured of receiving fresh dug stock. The roots of all fruit trees are puddled before packed for shipment

# **Peaches**

Belle of Georgia. Fruit large size, white with red cheek, flesh white, firm, and highly flavored. Tree a rapid grower and good bearer. A good midseason variety.

Carmen. Large, resembling Elberta, fruit creamy white with faint blush on cheek, skin is tough making it a valuable shipper, flesh creamy-white, juicy and good flavor. A good regular bearer. Early variety.

Hiley. Large, creamy white, red cheek, white flesh, very juicy. Tree a good grower and bears well. Mid-season variety.

Elberta. The commercial peach. Large yellow, with red cheek, flesh yellow, juicy and excellent flavor. One of the best peaches grown. Mid-season. Each For 3 Prices on Peach Trees: \$ .50 18 to 24 in. P.R., postage paid.....\$ .20 



Elberta Peaches.



#### Pears

Kieffer. Large, yellow with red cheek, tree a strong grower, bears heavily and regular. While this variety is not considered a high quality pear, it is excellent for canning and preserving.

Pineapple (Sand). Destined to be the leading pear for the South. An excellent yellow pear of good size, holds its color when cooked. Known for its resistance to blight.

Bartlett. Large size, golden yellow with red cheek when ripe, very juicy and highly flavored, tree a strong grower and good bearer but subject to blight.

Prices on Pear trees: 2 to 3 ft. P.R., postage paid.....\$ .40 \$1.00 

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN PLANTING FRUITS IN A COM-MERCIAL WAY, IT WILL PAY YOU TO WRITE US FOR PRICES



Excelsior Plums

# **Plums**

The following varieties, being but two, are considered the best for planting in the South.

Terrell. Large, nearly round, reddish yellow, wine red when fully ripe. Very fine quality. An early variety.

Excelsior. Remarkably strong grower, fruit medium to large size, reddish purple, flesh firm, yellowish.

The best variety for the South. Prices on Plum Trees: 2 to 3 ft. P. R., express collect.....\$ .50 \$1.40 

# Figs

Fig Trees are not only ornamental, they are crop producers as well. On the Gulf Coast, large plantings are being made. Figs are becoming a very popular fruit in hotels throughout the United States. Up to the present time the demand exceeds the supply. Plant a few fig trees. You will have enough for yourself, you can sell the balance at a good profit.

Brown Turkey. Size, medium to large, yellowish brown, thin skin, but quite tough; pulp tender and of the best quality; very sweet. This variety is considered the best American variety grown.

Celestial. Fruit, medium to small, color bluish to ivory-yellow. It is the hardiest variety we have, and is grown as far north as Virginia. This variety used chiefly for canning. On account of its sugar content, it is sometimes called the Little Sugar Fig. Prices on Fig Trees:

						II.	acn	T.OI 2
2	to	3	ft.	P.R.,	express	collect\$	.45	\$1.25
3	to	4	ft.	P.R.,	express	collect	.65	1.75

E-ab East 2

# Mulberries

Black English. A very prolific bearer, ripens early. A fine variety to start your rotation with other kinds. Will provide your poultry with feed for months.

New American. A vigorous grower, produces large black fruit.

Prices on Mulberry Trees:

		E	ach	For 3
3 to 4 ft.	P.R., express	collect\$	.50	\$1.40
		collect		
	, .			

# Japanese Persimmons

Tane-Nashi. The best known and most popular variety grown. Fruit quite large, conical, pointed. The tree bears when quite young, ripens early.

Triumph. Yellowish-red, bright smooth skin. Flesh yellow, fine grained and of good quality. A good shipper.

Prices on Persimmon Trees:

							Е	ach	For 3
2	to	3	ft.	P.R.,	express	collect	\$	.50	\$1.40
3	to	4	ft.	P.R.,	express	collect		.65	1.75

# Pecans

Pecan growing is no longer an experiment. It is a money-maker. It takes patience, however, to bring a good Pecan grove into bearing. The trees need intensive cultivation and fertilizing for the first few years, however. Pecans are long lived, and when once established, it takes but a few years to commence having fair-sized crops.

The matter of selection of the proper varieties is very important. Should you be interested in planting Pecans in a commercial way, we suggest you get in touch with us, or with your Experiment Station, who will advise you the best varieties suitable for your immediate locality.

We list herewith the three leading varietiesvarieties that have been planted extensively on the Gulf Coast with satisfaction.

Success. Size large to very large, shell moderately thin, kernel usually plump, rich meat; flavor very good.

Schley. One of the best known varieties. The nuts usually bring a higher price than any other variety. Superior in quality, thin shell, kernel plump. Excellent flavor.

Stuart. Probably the best known variety and a valuable variety. Nuts well filled with rich meat and of good size. The variety usually considered the standard by which other nuts are judged. Prices on Pecan Trees:

	Each	For 3
2 to 3 ft. P.R., express collect	\$' .65	\$1.50
3 to 4 ft. P.R., express collect		1.80
4 to 5 ft. P.R., express collect		2.40

We are able to quote cheaper prices in quantity lots. WRITE US.



Brown Turkey Figs.

# Citrus Fruits

# Satsuma Oranges

Satsuma Owari. The commercial variety of Satsuma grown on the Gulf Coast of Texas, Louisiana. Alabama and North Florida. Fruit medium size, flattened, color deep orange, flesh fine grained, tender and very sweet. The trees we furnish of this variety are grown from buds selected from trees that have a record of heavy crops.

				or nearly crops.		
				I	Each	For 10
12 to	18 in.	P.R.,	postage	paid	.50	\$4.50
18 to	24 in.	P.R.,	postage	paid	.60	5.50

# Grapefruit

Marsh Seedless. Medium to large, very productive, bears when tree is young, fruit popular on account of its being practically seedless.

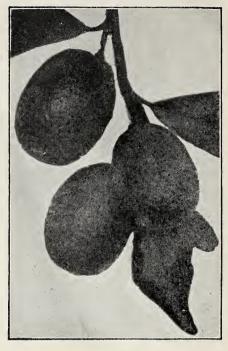
E	lach	For 10
12 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid	\$ .60	\$5.50
18 to 24 in. P.R., postage paid	.75	7.00

# Kumquats

Meiwa. Large fruit, practically round in shape, deep golden yellow, pulp sweet when fully ripe and can be eaten out of hand, deliciously flavored. Tree very productive.

	Ea	ich I	For 10
6 to 12 in. P.R., postage paid	\$	.40	\$3.50
12 to 18 in. P.R., postage paid		.50	4.50
NOTE All our Citrus Fruit are Budded	on	Citrus	Tri-
foliata Stock.			

Write us for prices in large quantities, stating number of trees desired.



Kumquats.



An Orchard of Citrus Fruits and Trees Like This Will Pay Good Dividends.

# Dlanting Instructions

IN PRESENTING these instructions to our patrons, we would earnestly request that they give the most careful attention to details. They have been compiled with a view to making them as simple as possible; and having fulfilled our part of the contract by delivering first-class stock in good condition, also giving all necessary instructions how to care for it, if any of our customers should lose a portion of their stock, the fault cannot be on our side. We allude to this because years of experience have taught us that the public lose nursery stock because they neglect it.

Preparation for Planting.—Plow and subsoil repeatedly, so as to thoroughly pulverize to a depth of 12 to 15 inches. When planting upon the lawn or grass plots, remove the sod for a diameter of 4 or 5 feet, and keep this space well worked and free from weeds. Dig the hole deeper and larger than seems necessary, to admit all the roots in their



The right way to heer-in trees.

natural position, keeping the surface soil and subsoil separate. Cut off broken and bruised roots and shorten the tops to half a dozen good buds, except for fall planting, when it is better to defer top-pruning until the following spring, which should be done before the buds begin to push. If not prepared to plant when your stock arrives, "heel-in." by digging a trench deep enough to admit all the roots, and setting the tree therein at an angle of about 45 degrees, carefully packing all earth about the roots and body of tree about one foot above ground, taking up when required. Never leave the roots exposed to the sun and air.

Preparing the Roots.—Immediately before planting, all the bruised or wounded parts, where cut with the spade, should be pared off smoothly, to prevent decay and to enable them to heal over by granulation during the growth of the tree. Then dip them in a bed of thin mud, which will coat over every part evenly, and leave no portion in contact with the air, which accidentally might not be reached by the earth filling the hole. The use of water in setting the earth amongst the roots will

be found eminently serviceable. Let there be a few quarts poured in while the hole is being filled. If the trees have been out of the ground for a long time, and become dry and shriveled, they should be immersed in water twenty-four hours before planting. Fruit trees sometimes remain with fresh and green branches, but with unswollen buds, till midsummer; instead of watering such at the roots, let the body and branches be wet every evening regularly, about sun-down, with a water-pot or spray, and it will in nearly all cases bring them into active growth.

Shortening-in the Branches.—However carefully trees may be taken up, they will lose a portion of their roots, and if the whole top is allowed to remain the demand will be so great upon the roots that in many cases it will prove fatal to the tree. To obviate this it becomes necessary to shorten-in the branches, which should be done at the time of planting, and in a manner to correspond with the loss of roots. If the tree has lost the greater portion of its roots, a severe shortening-in of the branches will be necessary; if only a small portion of the roots have been cut off, more moderate pruning will be sufficient. Particular attention to this matter will save many trees that otherwise would perish.

Planting.—Fill up the hole with surface soil, so that the tree will stand as it did when in the



A dormant shrub as it is sent out by the



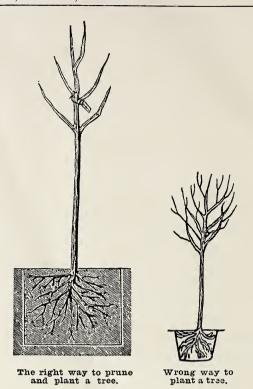
The same shrub properly trimmed

nursery, after the earth is settled, except Dwarf Pears, which should be planted deep enough to cover the Quince stock upon which they are budded, 2 or 3 inches. Work the soil thoroughly among the roots, and when well covered tramp or ram firmly with the feet or a post rammer. Set the tree as firmly as a post, but leave the surface filling (of poorer soil) light and loose. No staking will be required except with very tall trees. Never let manure come in contact with the roots.

Mulching.—This is done by placing a layer of coarse manure from three to six inches deep; extending one or two feet further in each direction than the roots. This protects the earth about the roots against drying or baking with wind or sun, retains to it the requisite moisture, and obviates all occasion for a practice—generally of injurious effects—the watering newly planted trees.

Cultivating.—When the transplanting is finished, many persons are under the impression that their work is done, and they can do nothing more for the tree; but this is a very mistaken idea. It is an important matter to have them well planted, but doubly important to have them well cultivated afterwards. Enveloped in weeds and grass, what plant can flourish? What farmer, for an instant, would think of raising a crop of Indian corn in the thick and tall grass of a meadow? Such an idea, he would at once say, would be preposterous. We will say that it is no more impossible than the idea of raising a thrifty orchard under the same treatment. It is indispensably necessary that the ground should be well cultivated to obtain fine fruit. From the neglect of this arises so much of the dissatisfaction of tree-planters. Give to your trees for a few years a clean, mellow and fertile soil, and they will bend under copious loads of fine fruit, and yield to the cultivator his reward. The experiment only is enough to convince any one of the advantage of good culture. Dwarf Pears, more than any other tree, require a deep, rich soil and clean cultivation. In cultivating, great care should be taken not to injure the trees by rubbing the bark off, which will often happen if careless hands (or those that are not) use long singletrees. We use a singletree 18 inches long, always wrapping the end and trace next to the row, and seldom bark a tree. The best tools are a one-horse turnplow (which every farmer or fruit-grower should have) and a cultivator. We try to cultivate our Nursery after every rain from April to October. The best crops for an orchard are those requiring summer culture-such as potatoes, beans, etc. Winter crops are little better than no culture. Rye is decidedly injurious.

**Pruning.**—We recommend the greatest care and moderation in this operation, believing, as we do, that upon the whole there is more injury done by the use of pruning instruments in unskillful hands than would result from its entire neglect. Some of



the objects sought are to diminish the thick growth, to increase the vigor of the branches, to admit light and air, and to form a well-shaped top. We are opposed to the common practice of trimming trees as high as a man's head, leaving a long, naked stem, exposed to the ravages of insects and the deleterious effects of sun and wind, as well as other sudden and extreme changes of the atmosphere. If a tree be allowed to branch near the ground, the danger from these ills will be lessened, and it will grow much stronger and faster, so as to prevent much fruit from setting. If too much sets, thin it in season, then the juices of the vines may not be wasted on what must be removed.

Peach Trees.—These should be planted immediately on their delivery, or if not prepared to do so, the roots should be buried in the ground; they will not stand exposure to sun and air, and many are lost simply for want of care. As soon as planted, cut back all side branches to within two or three inches of the main stem. Make this the invariable practice, and never deviate from it if you wish to save your trees. The growth will be much more rapid and vigorous in consequence of this pruning, and by strictly adhering to it, and by immediately planting, or covering the roots in the soil, very few, if any, trees will be lost. Peaches, like all other stock we deliver, will be in fine condiion, having been carefully handled and kept from exposure by us. If you do not follow our directions and meet with loss, the fault will be entirely with you.

# Please Read Before Ordering Terms

SEMMES, ALABAMA, is located 16 miles Northwest of Mobile, on the G. M. & N. Railroad and Moffat Road.

We invite you to visit with us. It will be a pleasure at all times to show you our stock and explain to you our methods of growing THE BEST.

TERMS—Cash with Order, if for immediate shipment. Orders that have to be held for shipment at a later date must be accompanied by FULL PAYMENT. Orders booked ahead of shipping season must be accompanied with 25 per cent of the amount of the order, the balance to be sent before shipment is made.

REMITTANCES — To secure safety and prompt acceptance of your order, remit by Bank Draft, Express or Post-Office Money Order, or Certified Check. If you send cash, be sure and register the letter.

shipping instructions—Please advise us how to you wish us to send the goods you order. If your order is for stock that has to be B&B (Balled and Burlapped) it cannot be sent by mail—it must go by Freight or Express. All orders by parcel post are sent POST-AGE PAID as indicated in the catalog.

SHIPPING SEASON—Commences usually about October 15th and continues through the Winter until April, depending upon the weather and the condition of the stock in Spring. Stock that has

to be B&B (Balled and Burlapped) may be planted at an earlier or later date. We will be pleased to advise you on this matter, if you will write us what stock you wish to purchase.

SHIPMENTS—Travel at customer's risk. We deliver all plants to the Transportation Company in good condition and accept receipt. Any claims for stock lost in transit must be made to the Transportation Company. We will, however, be pleased to help you file claim for lost stock in transit.

**SUBSTITUTION**—We will not substitute one variety for another without permission of the customer. On varieties we are unable to supply or sold out, we will make the proper refund.

GUARANTEE—We will exercise care to have stock true to name: nevertheless, it is understood and agreed between the Tom Dodd Nurseries and the purchaser that should any stock prove untrue to name, the Tom Dodd Nurseries shall be liable only for the sum paid for the stock which may prove untrue, and shall not be liable for any greater amount.

BOOKING OF ORDERS—All orders are booked with the understanding that same will be void, should injury befall the stock from flood, drought, frost, or any other cause or causes beyond our control.

# TOM DODD NURSERIES.

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Twenty years growing Nursery Stock should convince the most skeptical that Stock of the best quality can be purchased from TOM DODD. We ask a trial order.

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OUR PATRONS WILL GREATLY OBLIGE US BY USING THIS

#### ORDER SHEET

# TOM DODD NURSERIES

# Semmes, Alabama

Form in which money is sent

Name of party to whom consigned

Find enclosed\_

which ship by\_\_

\_amounting to \$\_\_\_\_

on or about\_

Signed\_

P. O.\_

\_for

192\_\_\_

Amount of bill

Time to be Shipped

NON-WARRANTY. If any nursery stock proves untrue to the name under which it is sold, provided notice and proper proof thereof are furnished by the purchaser, to the seller, the seller shall, at the option of the purchaser, either replace free of charge said misnamed nursery stock, or refund the purchase price. Except for the aforesaid agreed liability, it is agreed that the seller, Tom Dodd Nurseries gives no warranty, express or implied, as to description, productiveness, or any other matter of nursery stock it sells.							
UANTITY	ARTICLES	SIZE OR AGE	PRICE				
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(See Other Side)

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Baker's Pyramidal Arborvitae.

# LANDSCAPE PLANTING

We make a specialty of this class of work. It will be a pleasure to have you consult us.



Pfitzer Juniper.



Arizona Cypress.







Sunburst

# SPECIAL ROSE OFFER

1 F. S. Key 1 Columbia 1 Sunburst 1 K. A. Viktoria

4 Roses (Puddled Roots) for \$2.00 Postpaid.



Columbia



K. A. Viktoria